Application for Authorization Class B Biosolids Beneficial Use Sites

Division of Surface WaterApplication for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Form BUA-1

Biosolids Treatment Works Information

Treatment works name: Dovetail Energy, LLC			
Ohio NPDES permit #: 1IN00305*AD		County:	Greene
Mailing address: 5755 Granger Rd. Suite 320			
City: Independence	State: Ohio		Zip; 44131
Operator of record: Bruce Bailey, VP of Technical Affairs			
Telephone number: (216) 986-9999			
Email address (if available): bbailey@quasareg.com			

Certification Statement

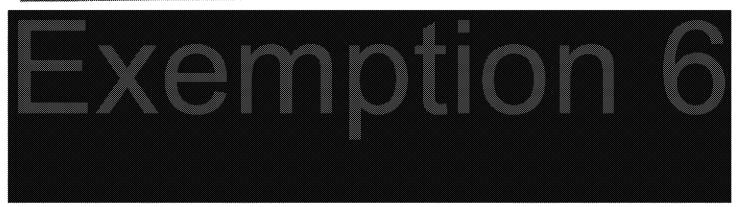
- 1. I certify under penalty of law that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision in accordance with a system designed to ensure that qualified personnel properly gather and evaluate the information submitted. Based on my inquiry of the person or persons who manage the system, or those persons directly responsible for gathering the information, the information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment.
- 2. I have read and understand Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code (OAC) and I agree to beneficially use biosolids in accordance with all applicable beneficial use requirements and restrictions established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.
- 3. I agree to only beneficially use biosolids that have satisfied a pathogen reduction alternative and a vector attraction reduction option and have metals concentration below the pollutant ceiling concentrations as established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.
- 4. I agree to maintain all applicable records established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.

12-0m	/	 <i>*</i>
Signature $\sqrt{}$	Date	

This form shall be signed by the operator of record for the treatment works.

Form BUA-2

Owner Consent for Beneficial Use



Certification Statement

- I agree to allow biosolids generated by the treatment plant identified on Form BUA-1 to be beneficially used on my property at agronomic rates.
- 2. I agree to allow federal, state and local regulatory staff access to the beneficial use site for the purposes of inspecting and authorizing the beneficial use site, beneficially using biosolids, and collecting and analyzing samples from the beneficial use site. I reserve the right to ask the above parties for proper identification at any time.
- 3. I certify that I am holder of legal title to the property described on application form BUA-4, or am authorized by the holder to give consent for the land application of biosolids, and that there are no restrictions to the granting of consent under this form.



In the event the owner of the beneficial use site changes, Form BUA-2 must be revised and resubmitted to Ohio EPA.



Form BUA-3

Beneficial Use Site Operator Consent for Beneficial Use

Beneficial use site operator: $P_1 + 5 + 1$	ck Pork Farms	s, Inc.
Mailing address: 1146 Herr Re	À	
city: Fairborn	State: OH	Zip: 45324
Telephone number: 937-879-	0154	
Email address (if available): +vpi+	stick @gmail.co	om .
Certification Statement		
I agree to be responsible for complying win Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administr	ative Code.	al use requirements established
Signature	ے Date	1 12 14
In the event the operator of the benefic and resubmitted to Ohio EPA.	ial use site changes, Fo	orm BUA-3 must be revised
Beneficial User Information		
Beneficial user:		
Contact person:		
Mailing address:		
City:	State:	Zìp:
Telephone number:	1	
Email address (if available):		





Division of Surface Water

Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Form BUA-4 Page 1 of 2

Beneficial Use Site Information

Ohio EPA Site I.D. (Ohio EPA Use Only)

Field site I.D.: GRQ-04-01 (Mc87)	
Beneficial use site location: NW Corner of W. D	ayton Yellow Springs Rd. and W. Enon Rd.

County: Greene Township: Bath

Latitude: 39°47'47.71"N Longitude: 83°56'59.00"W

i utai acreage pi	oposed for beneficial use: 79		
Soil pH (s.u.): 6.5 Bedrock depth (feet): >3ft		Soil phosphorus (mg/kg): 15.0	
		Bray Kurtz P1 Mehlich 3	
Type of crops to	be grown:		
	Crop Type	Expected Yield	
	Corn	200 bu	
	Soybeans	50 bu	
	Wheat		
	Pasture		
	Hay		
	Other:		

Division of Surface Water Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Soil Types:				
Soil Unit Symbol	Soil Unit Name	Hydrologic Soil Group		
Ag	Algiers silt loam	B/D		
Bs	Brookston silty clay loam, fine texture, 0-2% slopes	C/D		
EmB	Eldean silt loam 2-6% slopes	В		
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2-6% slopes, moderately eroded	В		
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6-12% slopes, moderately eroded	В		
MhB2	Miamian silt loam, 2-6% slopes, eroded	С		
MhC2	Miamian silt loam, 6-12% slopes, moderately eroded	С		
MhD2	Miamian silt loam, 12-18% slopes, moderately eroded	С		
MmE2	Miamian-Casco complex, 18-35% slopes, moderately eroded	С		
MrB	Miamian-Urban land complex, undulating			
MtA	Milton silt loam, 0-2% slopes	С		
MtB	Milton silt loam, 2-6% slopes	С		
OcB	Ockley silt loam, Southern Ohio Till Plain, 2-6% slopes	В		
Pa	Patton silty clay loam	C/D		
XeB	Xenia silt loam, 2-6% slopes	C		
Are any endangered species or endangered species habitats located on the beneficial use site?				
If "Yes" is marked, list the types of endangered species or endangered species habitat:				
Have biosolids been beneficially used on the site since July 20, 1993?				
☐ Yes ■ No				
If "Yes" is marked, list the biosolids generators and years beneficial use occurred:				
Generator Year of Beneficial Use				

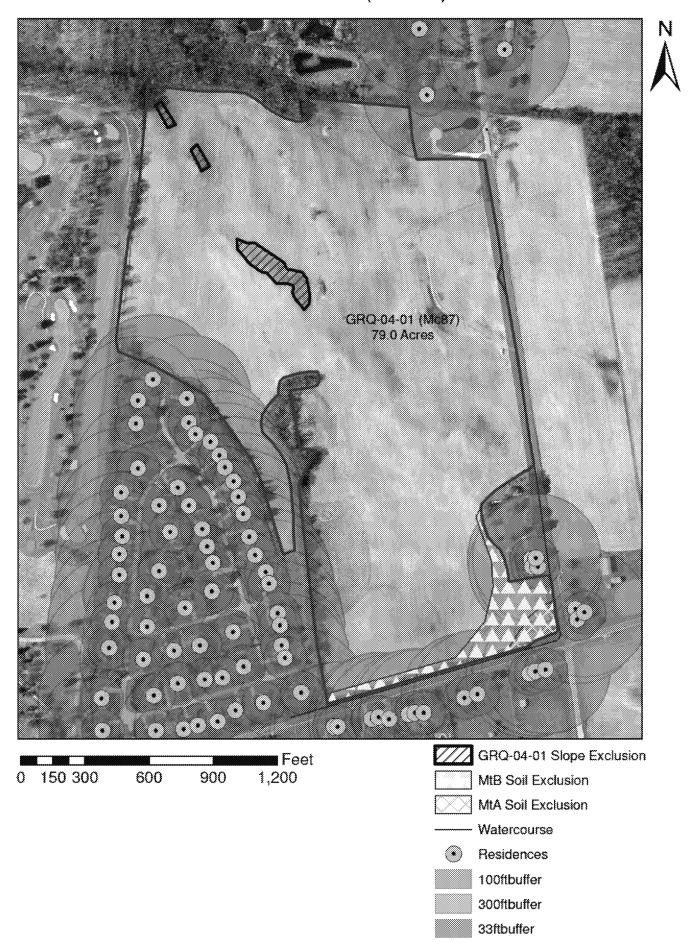
Division of Surface Water Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

The application must also include all of the following.

- A soil map of the proposed beneficial use site.
- An aerial map of the proposed beneficial use site that clearly identifies the entrance of the beneficial use site from the nearest road and all applicable isolat ion distances as established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.
- A vicinity road map at or near the towns hip level that clearly identifies the proposed beneficial use site with all roads labeled.
- A copy of the most recent soil test results identified in this form.

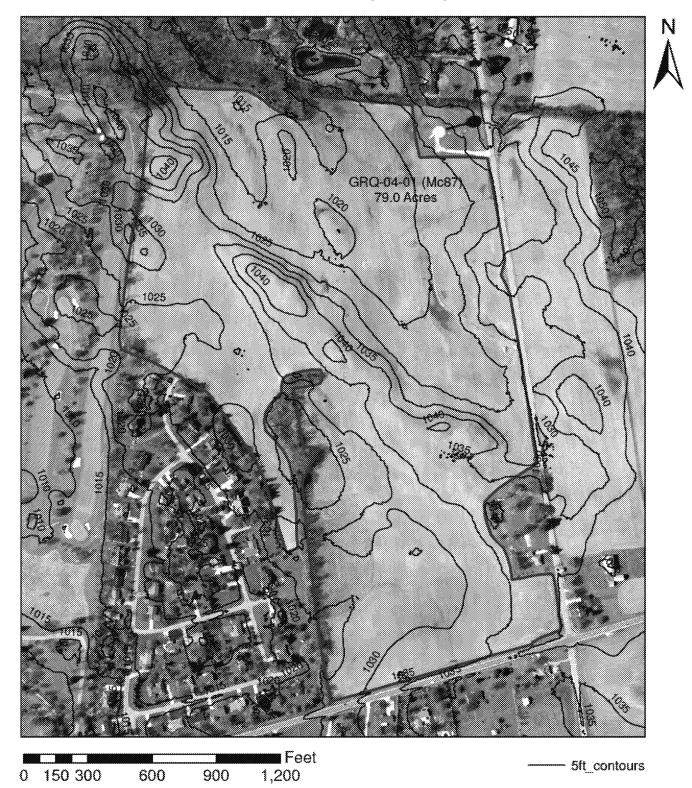


GRQ-04-01 (Mc87)



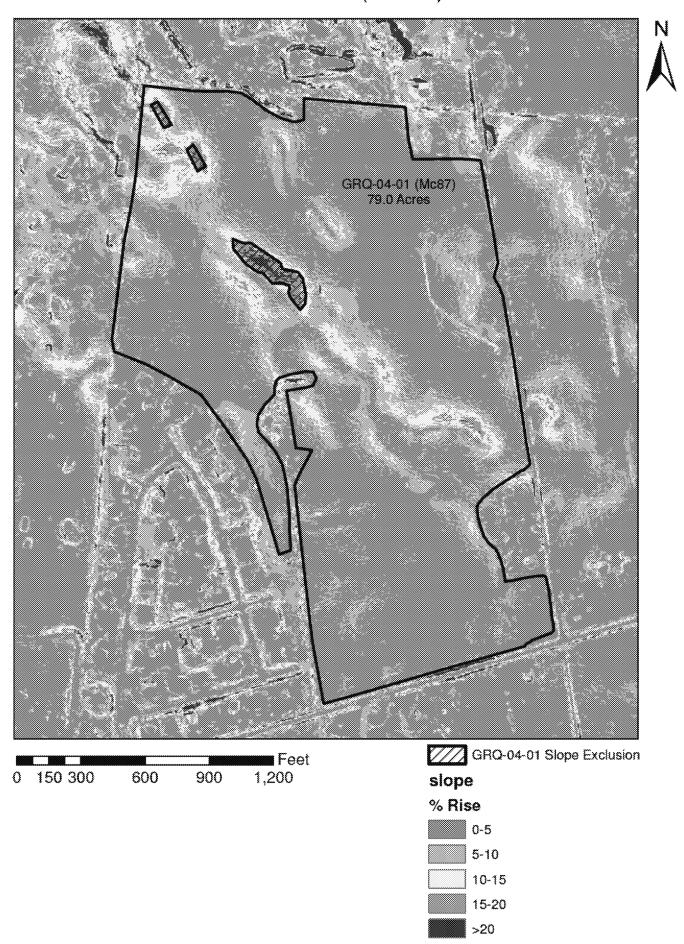


GRQ-04-01 (Mc87)





GRQ-04-01 (Mc87)





MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout (3)



Borrow Prt



Closed Depression



Gravetty Spot



Landfill



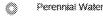
Lava Flow



Marsh or swamp



Miscellaneous Water



Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot



Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Greene County, Ohio (OH057)			
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ag	Algiers silt loam	3.5	4.2%
Bs	Brookston silty clay loam, fine texture, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.0	0.0%
EmB	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	0.1	0.1%
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	7.0	8.5%
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	1.6	2.0%
MhB2	Miamian silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded	4.8	5.9%
MhC2	Miamian silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	4.1	5.0%
MhD2	Miamian silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	7.8	9.5%
MmE2	Miamian-Casco complex, 18 to 35 percent slopes, moderately eroded	3.5	4.3%
MrB	Miamian-Urban land complex, undulating	2.3	2.8%
MtA	Milton silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	0.5	0.6%
MtB	Milton silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	3.0	3.7%
OcB	Ockley silt loam, Southern Ohio Till Plain, 2 to 6 percent slopes	17.9	21.7%
Pa	Patton silty clay loam	16.7	20.2%
XeB	Xenia silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	9.5	11.5%
Totals for Area of Interest		82.3	100.0%

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape,

Greene County, Ohio

Ag—Algiers silt loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p4m Elevation: 950 to 1,130 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 180 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained and either protected from flooding

or not frequently flooded during the growing season

Map Unit Composition

Algiers and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Algiers

Setting

Landform: Terraces, flood plains Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear Parent material: Loamy alluvium

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 16 inches: silt loam
H2 - 16 to 48 inches: silty clay loam
H3 - 48 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Somewhat poorly drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 18 inches

Frequency of flooding: Frequent Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 10 percent Available water storage in profile: High (about 11.0 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: B/D

Other vegetative classification: Unnamed (G111DYC-3OH)

Minor Components

Sloan

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Swales, oxbows

Eel

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Flood-plain steps, flood plains

Bs—Brookston silty clay loam, fine texture, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t98m Elevation: 820 to 1,140 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 180 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained

Map Unit Composition

Brookston and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Brookston

Setting

Landform: Ground moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Concave

Parent material: Loamy glaciofluvial deposits derived from sedimentary rock over

loamy till derived from limestone and dolomite

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 12 inches: silty clay loam Btg - 12 to 39 inches: silty clay loam 2C - 39 to 60 inches: silt loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Poorly drained

Runoff class: Negligible

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Crosby

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Celina

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

EmB—Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p54 Elevation: 670 to 1.160 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 45 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 192 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Eldean and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Eldean

Setting

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 13 inches: silt loam H2 - 13 to 33 inches: gravelly clay

H3 - 33 to 38 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

H4 - 38 to 60 inches: stratified sand to very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 65 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Ockley

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Terraces

Moderately eroded areas

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Loam surface layer

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

EmB2—Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p55 Elevation: 670 to 1,160 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 192 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Eldean and similar soils: 95 percent Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Eldean

Setting

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 13 inches: silt loam

H2 - 13 to 33 inches: gravelly clay loam H3 - 33 to 38 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

H4 - 38 to 60 inches: stratified sand to very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 65 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Loam surface layer

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Gravelly loam surface layer

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

EmC2—Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p56 Elevation: 670 to 1,160 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 45 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 192 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of local importance

Map Unit Composition

Eldean and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Eldean

Setting

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 13 inches: silt loam H2 - 13 to 33 inches: gravelly clay

H3 - 33 to 38 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

H4 - 38 to 60 inches: stratified sand to very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 12 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 65 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Casco

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Loam or gravelly loam surface

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Severely eroded areas

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

MhB2—Miamian silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t98s Elevation: 520 to 1,550 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 145 to 180 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Miamian, eroded, and similar soils: 85 percent

Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Miamian, Eroded

Setting

Landform: Ground moraines, recessionial moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, summit, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, nose slope, head slope, side slope,

rise

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, convex Parent material: Loess over loamy till

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 9 inches: silt loam

Bt1 - 9 to 12 inches: silty clay loam

2Bt2 - 12 to 24 inches: clay 2BCt - 24 to 33 inches: loam 2Cd - 33 to 79 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 28 to 40 inches to densic material

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Low to moderately high

(0.01 to 0.20 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 30 to 42 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm)

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.9 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Minor Components

Kokomo

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions on till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Toeslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Dip

Down-slope shape: Concave Across-slope shape: Concave

Celina, eroded

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Ground moraines, recessionial moraines, water-lain moraines Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit, shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, head slope, nose slope, side slope,

rise

Down-slope shape: Convex, linear Across-slope shape: Linear, convex

Crosby

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

MhC2—Miamian silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p5l Elevation: 700 to 1,530 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 45 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 180 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of local importance

Map Unit Composition

Miamian and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Miamian

Setting

Landform: Moraines, till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest, side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex

Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loess over loamy till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silt loam H2 - 7 to 38 inches: clay loam H3 - 38 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 12 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Other vegetative classification: Unnamed (G111BYA-1OH)

Minor Components

Celina

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Moraines, till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Severely eroded areas

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Shallow gullies

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

MhD2—Miamian silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p5m Elevation: 700 to 1.530 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 45 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 180 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of local importance

Map Unit Composition

Miamian and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Miamian

Setting

Landform: Moraines, till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Footslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loess over loamy till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silt loam H2 - 7 to 38 inches: clay loam H3 - 38 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 12 to 18 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 4e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Other vegetative classification: Unnamed (G111BYA-1OH)

Minor Components

Russell

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Hennepin

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

MmE2—Miamian-Casco complex, 18 to 35 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p5t Elevation: 340 to 1,530 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 46 to 57 degrees F

Frost-free period: 135 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Miamian and similar soils: 50 percent Casco and similar soils: 35 percent Minor components: 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Miamian

Setting

Landform: Kames, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess over loamy till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: silt loam H2 - 7 to 38 inches: clay loam H3 - 38 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 18 to 35 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Very high

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Description of Casco

Setting

Landform: Kames, moraines

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy alluvium over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 4 inches: loam H2 - 4 to 20 inches: clay loam H3 - 20 to 60 inches: Error

Properties and qualities

Slope: 18 to 35 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 10 to 24 inches to strongly contrasting textural

stratification

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 25 percent

Available water storage in profile: Very low (about 2.4 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Rodman

Percent of map unit: 10 percent

Landform: Terraces

Silt loam surface layer

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

MrB—Miamian-Urban land complex, undulating

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p5z Elevation: 700 to 1,530 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 45 inches
Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 180 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Miamian and similar soils: 40 percent

Urban land: 15 percent

Minor components: 45 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Miamian

Setting

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess over loamy till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 7 inches: clay loam H2 - 7 to 38 inches: clay loam H3 - 38 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 7.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Other vegetative classification: Unnamed (G111BYA-1OH)

Minor Components

Fill areas

Percent of map unit: 25 percent

Birkbeck

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Celina

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Moraines, till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Russell

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Xenia

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

MtA-Milton silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p62 Elevation: 800 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 27 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 210 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Milton and similar soils: 95 percent Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Milton

Setting

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess over till over residuum weathered from limestone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: silt loam H2 - 6 to 30 inches: silty clay loam

H3 - 30 to 32 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2s

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Minor Components

Miamian

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

MtB-Milton silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p63 Elevation: 800 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 27 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 45 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 210 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Milton and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Milton

Setting

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Crest

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Convex

Parent material: Loess over till over residuum weathered from limestone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 6 inches: silt loam
H2 - 6 to 30 inches: silty clay loam

H3 - 30 to 32 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None

Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 4.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Minor Components

Miamian

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Moderately eroded areas

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Limestone fragments on the surface

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

OcB—Ockley silt loam, Southern Ohio Till Plain, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2t4ln Elevation: 400 to 1,300 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 37 to 46 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 180 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Ockley and similar soils: 85 percent *Minor components:* 15 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Ockley

Settina

Landform: Outwash terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess over loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 10 inches: silt loam 2Bt1 - 10 to 41 inches: clay loam

2Bt2 - 41 to 66 inches: gravelly clay loam 3C - 66 to 79 inches: gravelly loamy coarse sand

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Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 40 to 70 inches to strongly contrasting textural

stratification

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Salinity, maximum in profile: Nonsaline (0.0 to 2.0 mmhos/cm) Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.7 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Eldean

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Outwash terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Sleeth

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Stream terraces, outwash terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Shoulder, backslope

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Fox

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Outwash plains, terraces

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread, talf

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Pa—Patton silty clay loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p6b

Elevation: 300 to 450 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 48 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 57 degrees F

Frost-free period: 160 to 225 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained

Map Unit Composition

Patton and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Patton

Setting

Landform: Depressions on lake plains Parent material: Silty lacustrine deposits

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: silty clay loam H2 - 8 to 32 inches: silty clay loam

H3 - 32 to 60 inches: stratified silt loam to silty clay loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 25 percent Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Westland

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Outwash plains, stream terraces, glacial drainage channels

Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Silt loam subsoil

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Depressions on lake plains

XeB—Xenia silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p7c Elevation: 650 to 1,020 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 28 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 130 to 180 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Xenia and similar soils: 75 percent Minor components: 25 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Xenia

Setting

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Summit Landform position (three-dimensional): Interfluve

Down-slope shape: Convex Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loess over loamy till

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 8 inches: silt loam H2 - 8 to 34 inches: silty clay loam H3 - 34 to 60 inches: loam

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Moderately well drained

Runoff class: Low

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 24 to 36 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 50 percent

Available water storage in profile: Moderate (about 8.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Other vegetative classification: Unnamed (G111DYA-6OH)

Minor Components

Birkbeck

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Fincastle

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains

Moderately eroded areas

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Ragsdale

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Depressions, drainageways

Russell

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Till plains



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) Not rated or not available Area of Interest (AOI) Water Features Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils Streams and Canals Soil Rating Polygons Transportation Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause 0 - 25 Raiss ښښ misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line 25 - 50placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Interstate Highways soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 50 - 100 **US Routes** 100 - 150 Major Roads Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map 150 - 200 measurements. Local Roads 4000046 > 200 Background Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Aerial Photography Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Lines 0 - 25Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator 25 - 50 projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the 50 - 100 Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 100 - 150 calculations of distance or area are required. 150 - 200 This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of > 200 the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Soil Rating Points Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 0 - 25 25 - 50 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. 50 - 100 100 - 150 Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar m 10, 2012 150 - 200 > 200 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-04-01 (Mc87))

•	to Any Soil Restrictive Lay		Acres := AOI	Domant -6 AOI
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (centimeters)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ag	Algiers silt loam	>200	3.5	4.2%
Bs	Brookston silty clay loam, fine texture, 0 to 2 percent slopes	>200	0.0	0.0%
EmB	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	>200	0.1	0.1%
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	7.0	8.5%
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	1.6	2.0%
MhB2	Miamian silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded	84	4.8	5.9%
MhC2	Miamian silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	4.1	5.0%
MhD2	Miamian silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	7.8	9.5%
MmE2	Miamian-Casco complex, 18 to 35 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	3.5	4.3%
MrB	Miamian-Urban land complex, undulating	>200	2.3	2.8%
MtA	Milton silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	76	0.5	0.6%
MtB	Milton silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	76	3.0	3.7%
OcB	Ockley silt loam, Southern Ohio Till Plain, 2 to 6 percent slopes	168	17.9	21.7%
Pa	Patton silty clay loam	>200	16.7	20.2%
XeB	Xenia silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	>200	9.5	11.5%
Totals for Area of Inter	est		82.3	100.0%

Rating Options—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-04-01 (Mc87))

Units of Measure: centimeters

Aggregation Method: Dominant Component Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) C Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils D Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause ,A, misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line Water Features A/D placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Streams and Canals soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 8 Transportation 8/0 Rails *** Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map C measurements. Interstate Highways C/D **US Routes** 488644F Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service 0 Major Roads Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available Local Roads Soil Rating Lines Background Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Aerial Photography distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the A/D Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 8 calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 Not rated or not available Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 Soil Rating Points or larger. A A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012 8/0 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

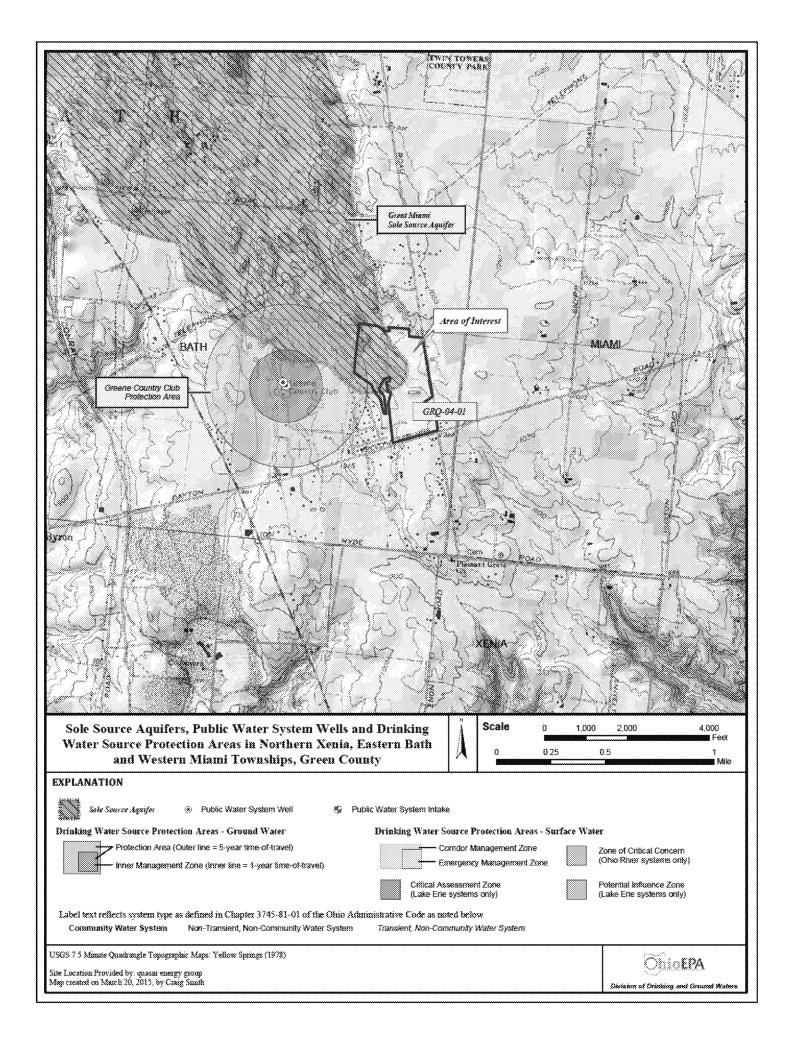
Table—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-04-01 (Mc87))

Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
Ag	Algiers silt loam	B/D	3.5	4.2%
Bs	Brookston silty clay loam, fine texture, 0 to 2 percent slopes	C/D	0.0	0.0%
EmB	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	В	0.1	0.1%
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	В	7.0	8.5%
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	В	1.6	2.0%
MhB2	Miamian silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, eroded	С	4.8	5.9%
MhC2	Miamian silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	С	4.1	5.0%
MhD2	Miamian silt loam, 12 to 18 percent slopes, moderately eroded	С	7.8	9.5%
MmE2	Miamian-Casco complex, 18 to 35 percent slopes, moderately eroded	С	3.5	4.3%
MrB	Miamian-Urban land complex, undulating		2.3	2.8%
MtA	Milton silt loam, 0 to 2 percent slopes	С	0.5	0.6%
MtB	Milton silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	С	3.0	3.7%
ОсВ	Ockley silt loam, Southern Ohio Till Plain, 2 to 6 percent slopes	В	17.9	21.7%
Pa	Patton silty clay loam	C/D	16.7	20.2%
XeB	Xenia silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes	С	9.5	11.5%
Totals for Area of Inter	rest		82.3	100.0%

Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-04-01 (Mc87))

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher



Current View

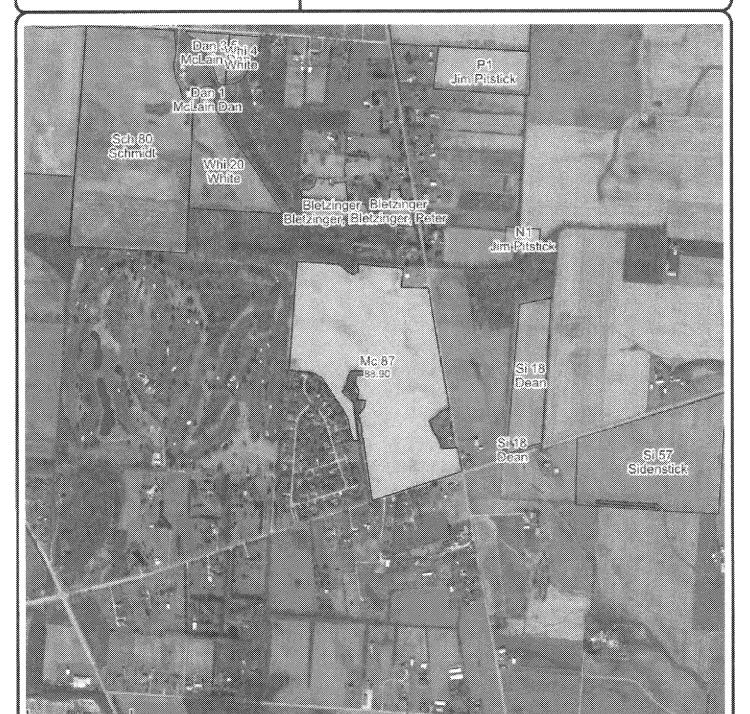
Grower: Pitstick Pork Farms

Farm:

Field: Crop Year:

Acres: 88.90

Crop Zone:



Location:

County: Greene, OH

Twp Rng Sec:

Directions:

Powered by MapShots AgStudio

Printed on: 10/16/2013 2:33 PM





Soil Test Results www. Advanced Ags Solutions com

Prepared For: Pitstick, Tom

Farm:

Field:

Crop Zone:

Crop Year: 2013

Layer Name: Soil Test 2013

Acres: 0.00

County: Greene, OH

Twp Rng Sec:

Directions:

Date Sampled: February 26, 2013

															,			
Sample ID	LabiD	OM *	P	K ppm	Mg	Ca	CEC	ρH	BpH	Ca %	Mg % *	K %	Su	Bo peri	Zn pen	Mn ppm	Fe	Cu
1.	E4025	1,6	7	124	408	1478	10.3	6.9	7.1	53.8	29.1	2.6				***************************************	***************************************	***************************************
2	E4025 5	3.0	9	111	629	2876	16.4	7.2		65.7	28.1	1.5						
3	E4025 6	1.3	13	81	181	724	9.0	5.4	6.6	30.1	14.7	1.9						
4	E4025 7	1.2	12	132	226	838	11.1	5.3	6,5	28.4	15.0	2.6						
5	E4025 8	2.1	13	139	706	2015	13.0	7.4		58.0	39,7	2.3						
6	E4025 9	1.5	13	76	254	1324	8.2	6.1	6.9	60.6	22.7	2.0						
7	E4026 0	1.6	8	101	392	1279	10.1	6,5	7.0	47.5	28.5	2.2						
8	E4026	1,5	8	77	442	1703	10.8	7.1		59.3	30.1	1.5						
9	E4026	5.7	17	185	893	5271	25.2	7.0		59.4	25.9	1.6						
10	E4026	3.2	50	148	631	4097	19.9	7.7		75.2	23.2	1.6						
11	E4026	1.9	30	81	279	1318	7.2	6.3	7.0	69.0	28.8	2.4						
12	E4026 5	1.1	34	142	58	292	9.0	5.2	6.4	12.1	4.7	3.4						
13		1.5	13	73	245	1083	7,2	6.0	6,9	56.3	24.9	2.2						

Produced with EASi Suite (c) 2001-2008, MapShots, inc. Page 1

Apr 91, 2013

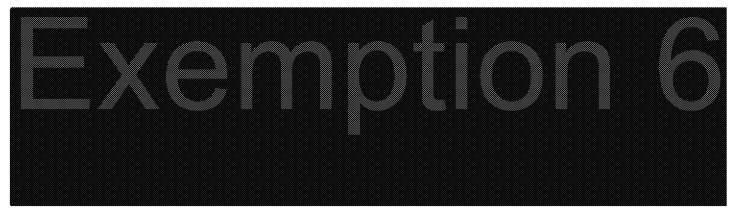
Layer Name: Soil Test 2013

Date Sampled: February 26, 2013

SampleID	LabID	OM **	ppm:	K ppm	Mg ppm	Ca	CEC meg/100g	pH	BpH .unit	Ca %	Mg % *	K% «	Su	Bo	Zn ppm	Mn	Fe	Cu ppm
14	E4026 7	1.6	8	125	460	1602	10.9	6.2	6.9	55.4	31.1	2.5	•••••••••••		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· announcementation,		, and a second second
15	E4026 8	1.2	11	109	542	2482	13.5	7.8		68.9	29.4	1.7						
16	E4026 9	1.2	12	117	318	1145	6.9	6.4	7.0	62.4	33.9	3.7						
17	E4027 0	2.2	18	145	609	2231	13.1	7,7		63.6	34.0	2.4						
18	E4027 1	1.8	11	85	464	1794	11.9	7.0		56.7	28.7	1.5						
19	E4027 2	1.2	13	103	378	1181	9,5	6.5	7.0	46.6	29.2	2.3						
20	E4027 3	1.2	19	67	259	862	7.7	6.1	6.8	42.1	24.7	1.9						
21	E4027 4	2.3	10	141	688	2153	13.4	7,7		60.1	37.6	2.3						
22	E4027 5	1,6	23	148	159	008	5,7	5.7	6,9	52.8	20.5	5,6						
23	E4027 6	1.9	19	100	154	546	9.4	5,2	6,5	21.8	12.0	2.3						
24	E4027 7	1.4	13	58	166	946	7.3	5.7	6.8	48.7	16.7	1.7						
Average:	,	1.9	15	111	398	1668	11.1	6.5	6.8	52.3	25.5	2.3	······································		***************************************	**************************************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	*-

Form BUA-2

Owner Consent for Beneficial Use



Certification Statement

- 1. I agree to allow biosolids generated by the treatment plant identified on Form BUA-1 to be beneficially used on my property at agronomic rates.
- 2. I agree to allow federal, state and local regulatory staff access to the beneficial use site for the purposes of inspecting and authorizing the beneficial use site, beneficially using biosolids, and collecting and analyzing samples from the beneficial use site. I reserve the right to ask the above parties for proper identification at any time.
- I certify that I am holder of legal title to the property described on application form BUA-4, or am authorized by the holder to give consent for the land application of biosolids, and that there are no restrictions to the granting of consent under this form.



11 124 125/4 Date

In the event the owner of the beneficial use site changes, Form BUA-2 must be revised and resubmitted to Ohio EPA.



Division of Surface Water

Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Form BUA-4 Page 1 of 2

Beneficial Use Site Information

Ohio EPA Site I.D. (Ohio EPA Use Only)

Field site I.D.: GRQ-05-02 (GH40)	
Beneficial use site location: NE Corner of Armstro	ng Rd. and Black Ln.

County: Greene Township: Bath

Latitude: 39°50′14.59″N Longitude: 83°59′4.18″W

Total acreage pro	oposed for beneficial use: 64		
Soil pH (s.u.): 7.2		Soil phosphorus (mg	/kg): 25.9
Bedrock depth (fe	eet); >3ft	Bray Kurtz P1 Mehlich 3	
Type of crops to	be grown:		
	Crop Type	Expected Yield	
	Corn	200 bu	
	Soybeans	50 bu	
	Wheat		
	Pasture		
	Hay		
	Other:		

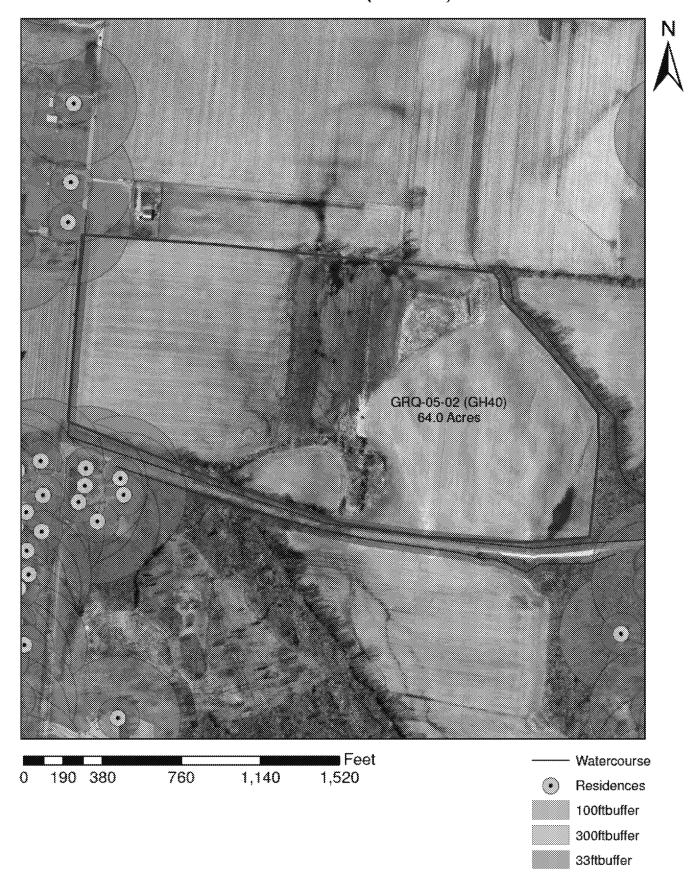
Division of Surface Water Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Soil Types:						
Soil Unit Symbol	Soil Unit Nan	ne	Hydrologic Soil Group			
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2-6% slopes, i	moderately eroded	В			
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6-12% slopes,		В			
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	5	C/D			
Are any endangere	ed species or endangered specie	es habitats located on	the beneficial use site?			
	□ Yes	No No				
If "Yes" is marked,	list the types of endangered spe	ecies or endangered s	species habitat:			
Have biosolids bee	en beneficially used on the site si	ince July 20, 1993?				
	☐ Yes	■ No				
If "Yes" is marked	list the biosolids generators and		occurred:			
	Generator	Year of Beneficial Use				
The application must also include all of the following.						

- A soil map of the proposed beneficial use site.
- An aerial map of the proposed beneficial use site that clearly identifies the entrance of the beneficial use site from the nearest road and all applicable isolat ion distances as established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.
- A vicinity road map at or near the towns hip level that clearly identifies the proposed beneficial use site with all roads labeled.
- A copy of the most recent soil test results identified in this form.

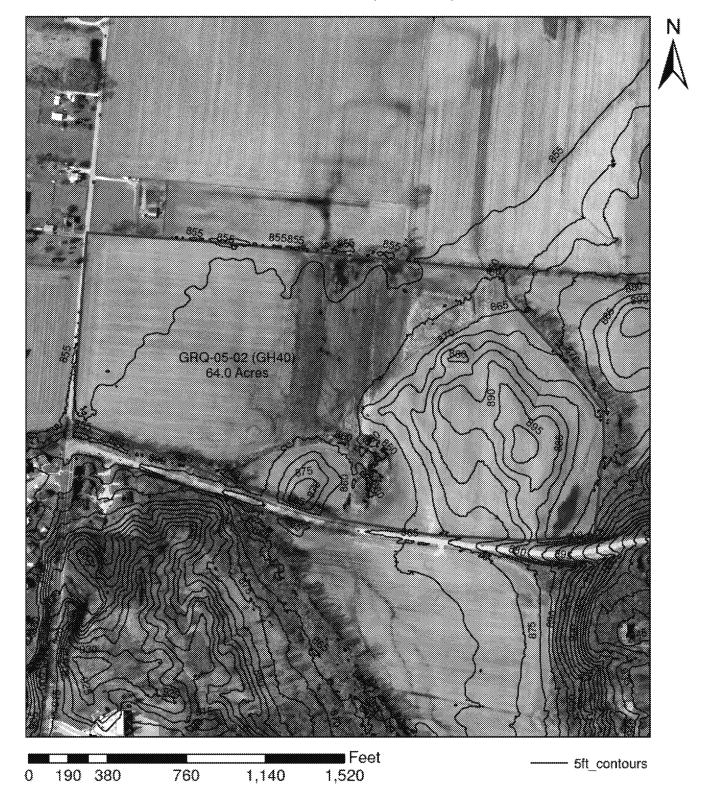


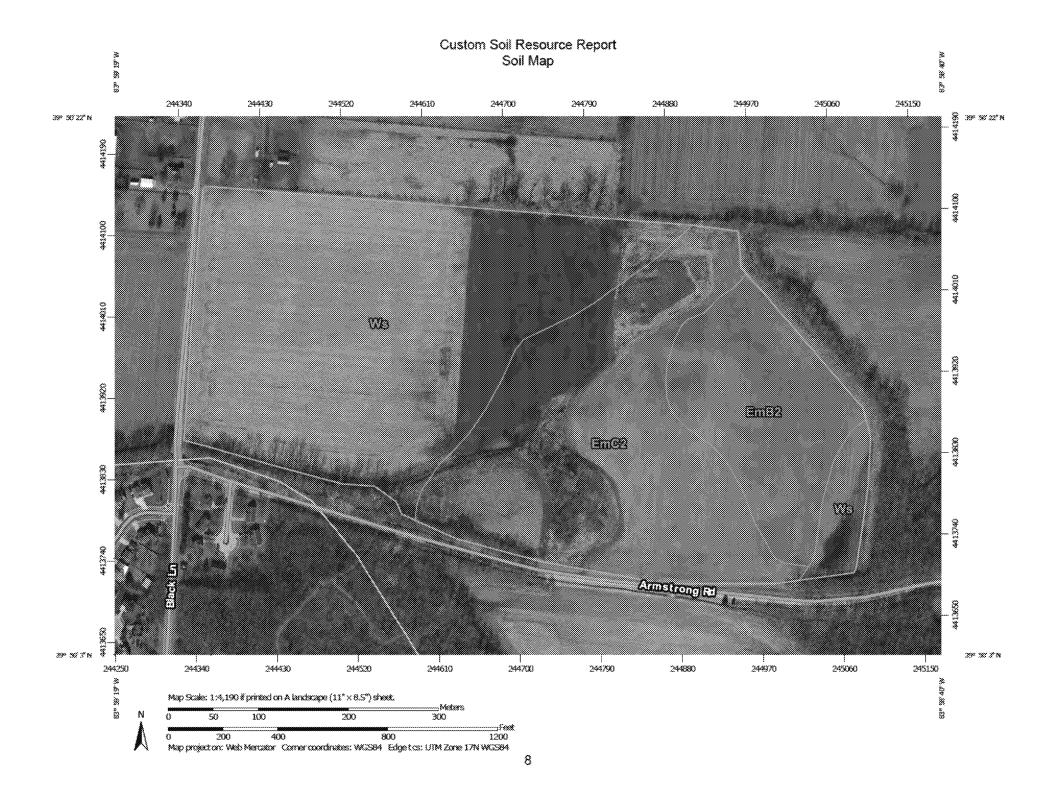
GRQ-05-02 (GH40)





GRQ-05-02 (GH40)





MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



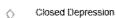
Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

(3) Blowout



™ ∭ Clay Spot

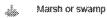




3 Gravetty Spot







Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

🤲 Saline Spot

್ಲಿ Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

€ Sodic Spot

....

Spoil Area



Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot Wet Spot



Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation

Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Greene County, Ohio (OH057)						
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	9.5	15.1%			
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	21.5	34.3%			
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	31.7	50.6%			
Totals for Area of Interest		62.6	100.0%			

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) Not rated or not available Area of Interest (AOI) Water Features Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils Streams and Canals Soil Rating Polygons Transportation Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause 0 - 25 Raiss ښښ misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line 25 - 50placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Interstate Highways soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 50 - 100 **US Routes** 100 - 150 Major Roads Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map 150 - 200 measurements. Local Roads 4000046 > 200 Background Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Aerial Photography Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Lines 0 - 25Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator 25 - 50 projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the 50 - 100 Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 100 - 150 calculations of distance or area are required. 150 - 200 This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of > 200 the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Soil Rating Points Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 0 - 25 25 - 50 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. 50 - 100 100 - 150 Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar m 10, 2012 150 - 200 > 200 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-05-02 (GH40))

Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer— Summary by Map Unit — Greene County, Ohio (OH057)						
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (centimeters)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	9.5	15.1%		
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	21.5	34.3%		
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	>200	31.7	50.6%		
Totals for Area of Inter	est		62.6	100.0%		

Rating Options—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-05-02 (GH40))

Units of Measure: centimeters

Aggregation Method: Dominant Component Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-02 (GH40))

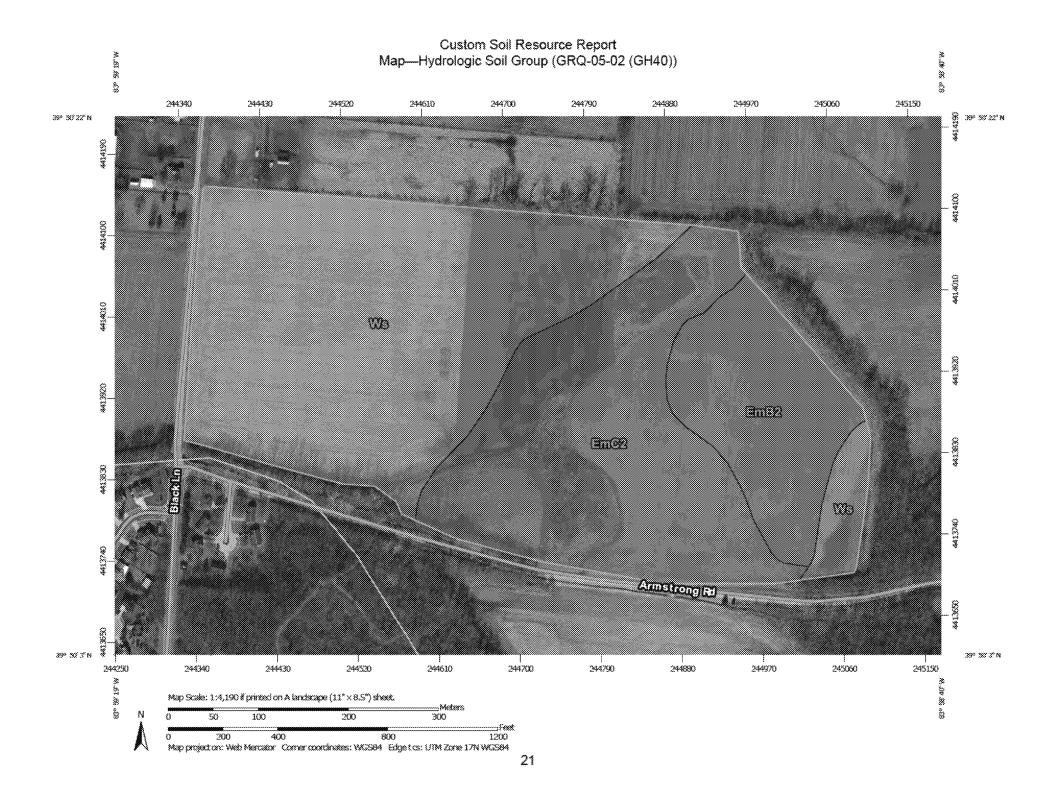
Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils



MAP LEGEND **MAP INFORMATION** The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) C Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils D Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause ,A, misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line Water Features A/D placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Streams and Canals soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 8 Transportation 8/0 Rails *** Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map O measurements. Interstate Highways C/D **US Routes** 488644F Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service 0 Major Roads Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available Local Roads Soil Rating Lines Background Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Aerial Photography distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the A/D Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 8 calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 Not rated or not available Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 Soil Rating Points or larger. A A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012 8/0 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-02 (GH40))

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — Greene County, Ohio (OH057)							
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	В	9.5	15.1%			
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	В	21.5	34.3%			
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	C/D	31.7	50.6%			
Totals for Area of Inter	est	62.6	100.0%				

Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-02 (GH40))

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Division of Surface Water

Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Form BUA-4 Page 1 of 2

Beneficial Use Site Information

	Ohio EPA Site I.D. (Ohio EPA Use Only)	
Eigld gitg I f	0 : CDO 05 02 (CU12N)	······

Field site I.D.: GRQ-05-03 (GH13N)					
Beneficial use site location: 0.5 miles east of Black Ln., 0.2 miles N of Armstrong Rd.					
County: Greene	Township: Bath				
Latitude: 39°50'14.33"N	Longitude: 83°58'41.83"W				
Total acreage proposed for beneficial use: 11.	5				
Soil pH (s.u.): 5.8	Soil phosphorus (mg/kg): 12				
* * *	Bray Kurtz P1				

Type of crops to be grown:

Bedrock depth (feet): >3ft

Crop Type	Expected Yield
Corn	200 bu
Soybeans	50 bu
Wheat	
Pasture	
Hay	
Other:	

Mehlich 3

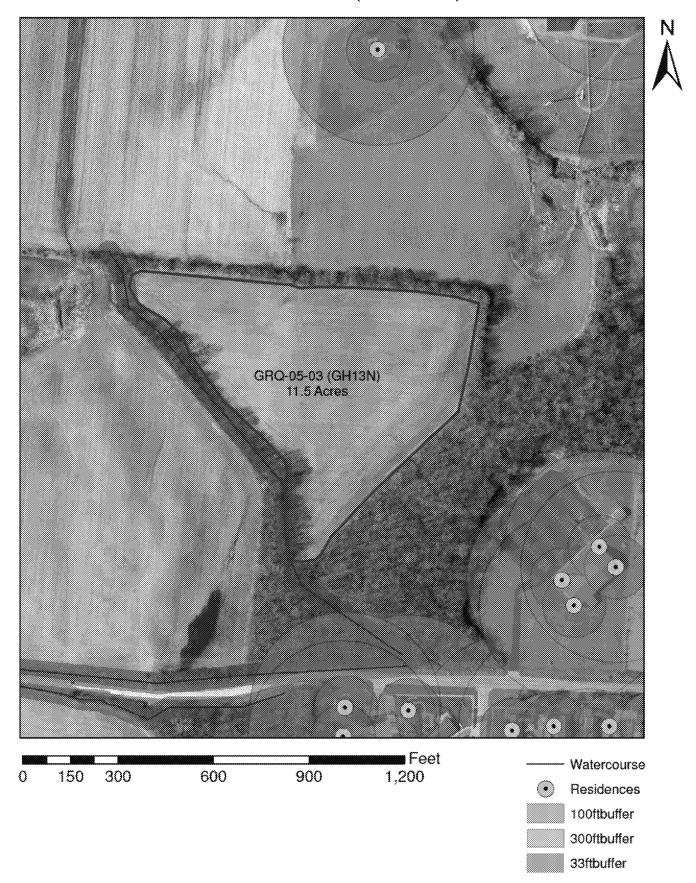
Division of Surface Water Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Soil Types:								
Soil Unit Symbol		Soil Unit Name				Hydrologic Soil Group		
EmB2	Eldean	n silt loam, 2-6% slopes, moderately eroded				В		
MUF	1	soils, channery variant, 25-50% slopes				С		
Ws		nd silty clay loam			C/D			
		,,						
	<u></u>							
Are any endanger	ed speci	es or endange	red speci	es habitats l	ocated or	n the beneficial use site?		
If "Yes" is marked, list the types of endangered species or endangered species habitat:								
Have biosolids been beneficially used on the site since July 20, 1993? ☐ Yes ■ No								
If "Yes" is marked, list the biosolids generators and years beneficial use occurred:								
		Genera	tor	Year o Beneficial	i i			
The application must also include all of the following.								

- A soil map of the proposed beneficial use site.
- An aerial map of the proposed beneficial use site that clearly identifies the entrance of the beneficial use site from the nearest road and all applicable isolat ion distances as established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.
- A vicinity road map at or near the towns hip level that clearly identifies the proposed beneficial use site with all roads labeled.
- A copy of the most recent soil test results identified in this form.

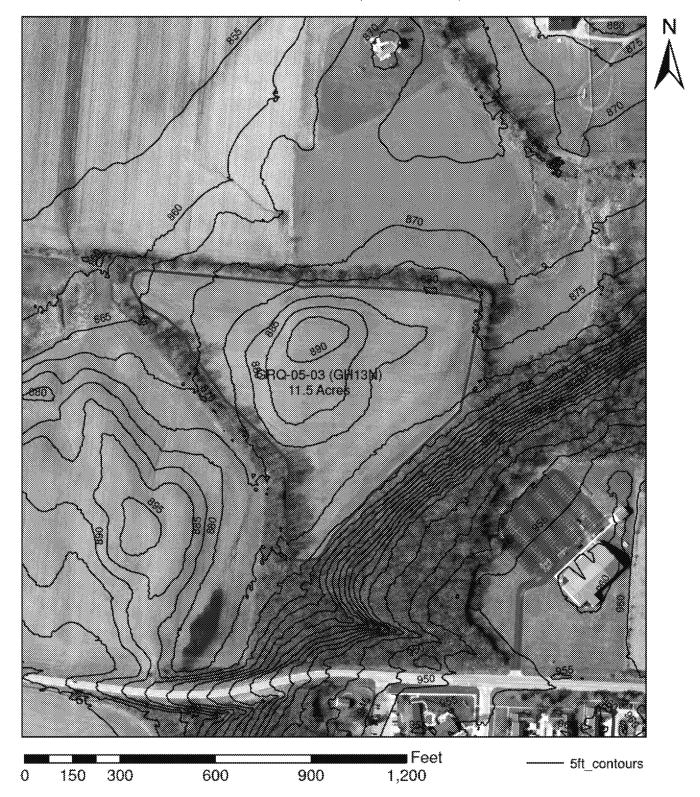


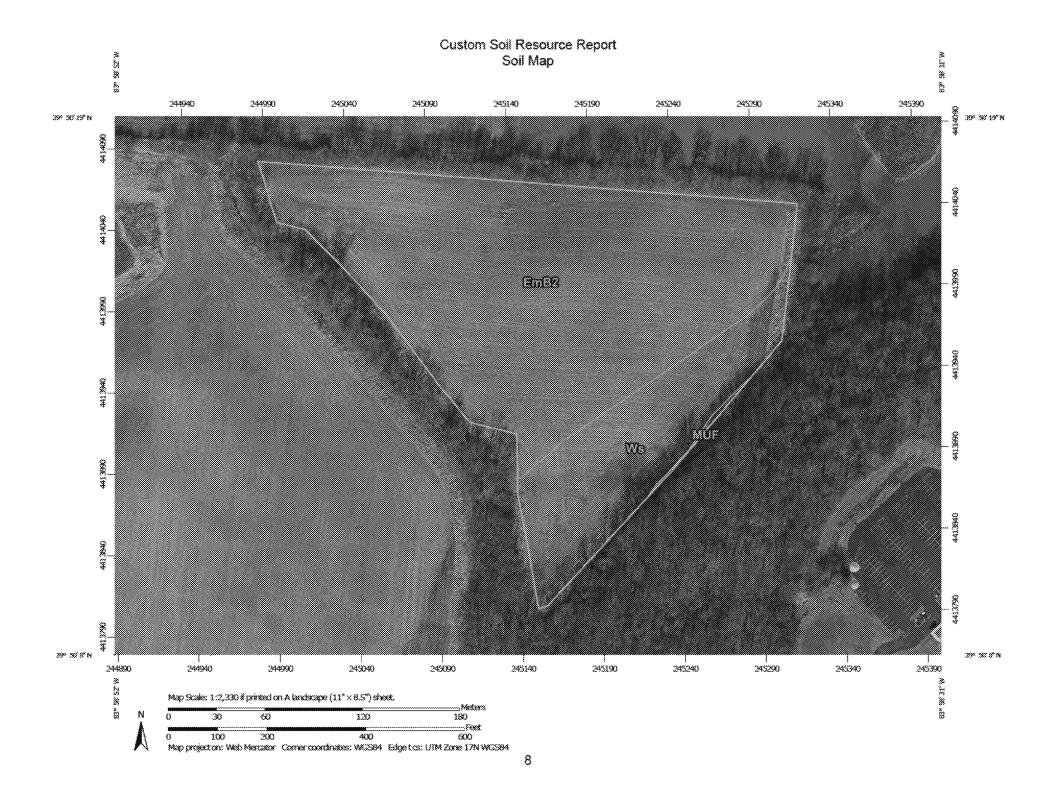
GRQ-05-03 (GH13N)





GRQ-05-03 (GH13N)





MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

Blowout (3)



Clay Spot

Closed Depression

Gravel Pit.

Gravetty Spot

Landfill

Lava Flow Marsh or swamp

Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot



Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot





Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canals

Transportation



Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

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Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Greene County, Ohio (OH057)						
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI			
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	8.5	76.4%			
MUF	Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	0.0	0.3%			
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	2.6	23.3%			
Totals for Area of Interest	,	11.1	100.0%			

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If

Greene County, Ohio

EmB2—Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p55 Elevation: 670 to 1,160 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 54 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 192 days

Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Eldean and similar soils: 95 percent Minor components: 5 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Eldean

Setting

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 13 inches: silt loam

H2 - 13 to 33 inches: gravelly clay loam

H3 - 33 to 38 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

H4 - 38 to 60 inches: stratified sand to very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 2 to 6 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 65 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Loam surface layer

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Gravelly loam surface layer

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

MUF—Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p5g

Elevation: 800 to 990 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 33 to 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 208 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Milton variant and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Milton Variant

Setting

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Colluvium derived from limestone over residuum weathered from

limestone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 12 inches: very channery silt loam
H2 - 12 to 30 inches: channery silty clay loam
H3 - 30 to 32 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 25 to 50 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 3.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Custom Soil Resource Report

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Minor Components

Limestone edges

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Short slopes over 50 percent

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Ws-Westland silty clay loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p78 Elevation: 350 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained

Map Unit Composition

Westland and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Westland

Setting

Landform: Depressions on outwash plains, depressions on stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 14 inches: silty clay loam H2 - 14 to 38 inches: clay loam H3 - 38 to 52 inches: gravelly loam

H4 - 52 to 60 inches: stratified gravelly loam to clay loam to very gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Custom Soil Resource Report

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Sloan

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Flood plains

Ragsdale

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Terraces, till plains

Till substratum

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Depressions on stream terraces, depressions on outwash plains

Silt loam surface

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Depressions on outwash plains, depressions on stream terraces



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) Not rated or not available Area of Interest (AOI) Water Features Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils Streams and Canals Soil Rating Polygons Transportation Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause 0 - 25 Raiss ښښ misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line 25 - 50placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Interstate Highways soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 50 - 100 **US Routes** 100 - 150 Major Roads Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map 150 - 200 measurements. Local Roads 4000046 > 200 Background Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Aerial Photography Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Lines 0 - 25Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator 25 - 50 projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the 50 - 100 Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 100 - 150 calculations of distance or area are required. 150 - 200 This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of > 200 the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Soil Rating Points Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 0 - 25 25 - 50 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. 50 - 100 100 - 150 Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar m 10, 2012 150 - 200 > 200 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-05-03 (GH13N))

Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer— Summary by Map Unit — Greene County, Ohio (OH057)												
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (centimeters)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI								
EmB2	Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	8.5	76.4%								
MUF	Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	76	0.0	0.3%								
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	>200	2.6	23.3%								
Totals for Area of Inter	est		11.1	100.0%								

Rating Options—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-05-03 (GH13N))

Units of Measure: centimeters

Aggregation Method: Dominant Component Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-03 (GH13N))

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils



MAP LEGEND **MAP INFORMATION** The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) C Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils D Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause ,A, misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line Water Features A/D placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Streams and Canals soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 8 Transportation 8/0 Rails *** Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map O measurements. Interstate Highways C/D **US Routes** 488644F Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service 0 Major Roads Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available Local Roads Soil Rating Lines Background Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Aerial Photography distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the A/D Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 8 calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 Not rated or not available Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 Soil Rating Points or larger. A A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012 8/0 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-03 (GH13N))

	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI		
Eldean silt loam, 2 to 6 percent slopes, moderately eroded	В	8.5	76.4%		
vilton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	С	0.0	0.3%		
Westland silty clay loam	C/D	2.6	23.3%		
	percent slopes, moderately eroded filton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	percent slopes, moderately eroded filton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	percent slopes, moderately eroded Aliton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes		

Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-03 (GH13N))

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Division of Surface Water

Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Form BUA-4 Page 1 of 2

Beneficial Use Site Information

Ohio EPA Site I.D. (Ohio EPA Use Only)

Field site I.D.: GRQ-05-04 (GH28)	
Beneficial use site location: 0.3 miles east of Black Ln., south of Armstrong Rd.	

County: Greene Township: Bath

Latitude: 39°49'59.32"N Longitude: 83°58'52.41"W

3-1	posed for beneficial use: 26		25 a X a
Soil pH (s.u.): 7.6		Soil phosphorus (mg	/kg): 28
Bedrock depth (fe	et); >3ft	Bray Kurtz P1 Mehlich 3	
Type of crops to b	oe grown:		
	Crop Type	Expected Yield	
	Corn	200 bu	
	Soybeans	50 bu	
	Wheat		
	Pasture		
	Hay		
	Other:		

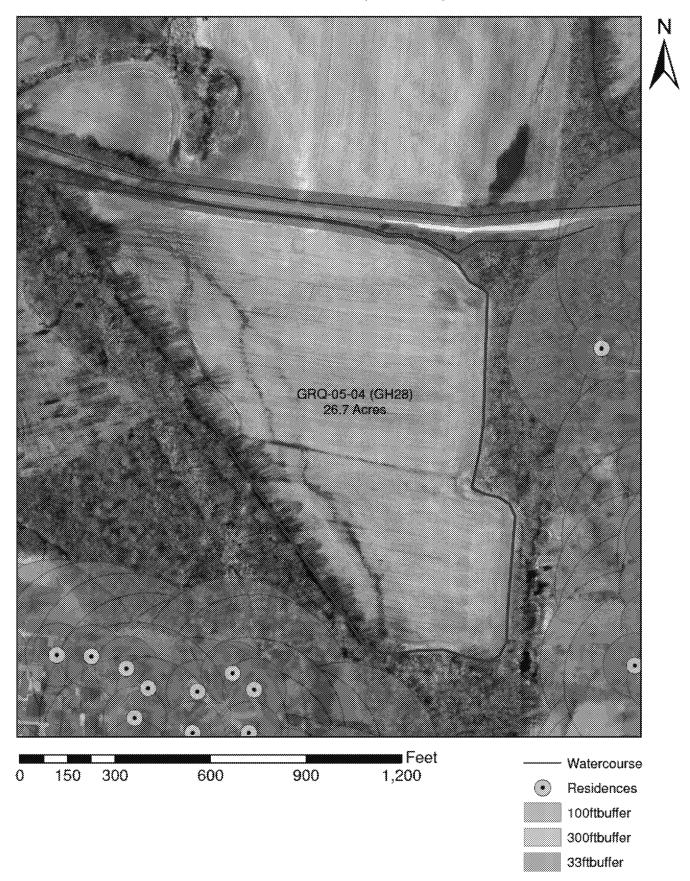
Division of Surface Water Application for Authorization Class B Beneficial Use Sites

Soil Types:														
Soil Unit Symbol	Soil Unit Name	Hydrologic Soil Group												
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6-12% slopes, moderately eroded	В												
MUF	Milton soils, channery variant, 25-50% slopes	С												
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	C/D												
	L													
Are any endangere	d species or endangered species habitats located	on the beneficial use site?												
	☐ Yes ■ No													
If "Yes" is marked,	list the types of endangered species or endangered	l species habitat:												
Have biosolids bee	n beneficially used on the site since July 20, 1993?													
	☐ Yes No													
If "Yes" is marked	list the biosolids generators and years beneficial u	se occurred:												
	Generator Year of Beneficial Use													
The application mu	st also include all of the following.													

- A soil map of the proposed beneficial use site.
- An aerial map of the proposed beneficial use site that clearly identifies the entrance of the beneficial use site from the nearest road and all applicable isolat ion distances as established in Chapter 3745-40 of the Ohio Administrative Code.
- A vicinity road map at or near the towns hip level that clearly identifies the proposed beneficial use site with all roads labeled.
- A copy of the most recent soil test results identified in this form.

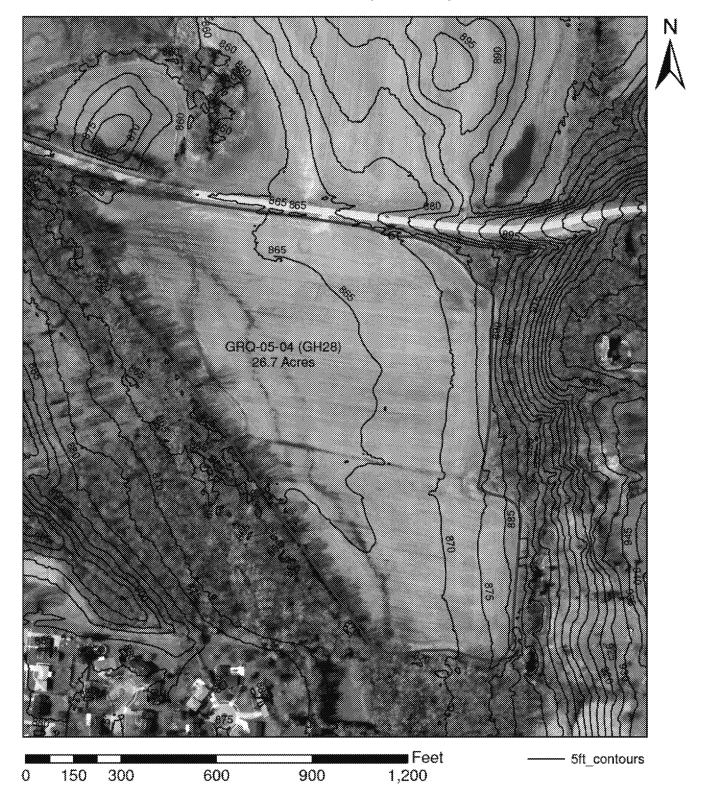


GRQ-05-04 (GH28)





GRQ-05-04 (GH28)





MAP LEGEND

Area of Interest (AOI)

Area of Interest (AOI)

Soils

Soil Map Unit Polygons



Soil Map Unit Lines



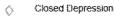
Soil Map Unit Points

Special Point Features

(3) Blowout



Clay Spot





Gravetty Spot







Mine or Quarry

Miscellaneous Water

Perennial Water

Rock Outcrop

Saline Spot

್ಲಿ Sandy Spot

Severely Eroded Spot

Sinkhole

Slide or Slip

Sodic Spot

.

Spoil Area Stony Spot



Very Stony Spot



Wet Spot Other



Special Line Features

Water Features

Streams and Canais

Transportation

Rails



Interstate Highways



US Routes



Major Roads Local Roads

Background



Aerial Photography

MAP INFORMATION

The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800.

Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.

Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale.

Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map measurements.

Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)

Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate calculations of distance or area are required.

This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below.

Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014

Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger.

Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012

The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Map Unit Legend

Greene County, Ohio (OH057)											
Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI								
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	0.4	1.8%								
MUF	Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	0.0	0.2%								
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	22.8	98.0%								
Totals for Area of Interest		23.3	100.0%								

Map Unit Descriptions

The map units delineated on the detailed soil maps in a soil survey represent the soils or miscellaneous areas in the survey area. The map unit descriptions, along with the maps, can be used to determine the composition and properties of a unit.

A map unit delineation on a soil map represents an area dominated by one or more major kinds of soil or miscellaneous areas. A map unit is identified and named according to the taxonomic classification of the dominant soils. Within a taxonomic class there are precisely defined limits for the properties of the soils. On the landscape, however, the soils are natural phenomena, and they have the characteristic variability of all natural phenomena. Thus, the range of some observed properties may extend beyond the limits defined for a taxonomic class. Areas of soils of a single taxonomic class rarely, if ever, can be mapped without including areas of other taxonomic classes. Consequently, every map unit is made up of the soils or miscellaneous areas for which it is named and some minor components that belong to taxonomic classes other than those of the major soils.

Most minor soils have properties similar to those of the dominant soil or soils in the map unit, and thus they do not affect use and management. These are called noncontrasting, or similar, components. They may or may not be mentioned in a particular map unit description. Other minor components, however, have properties and behavioral characteristics divergent enough to affect use or to require different management. These are called contrasting, or dissimilar, components. They generally are in small areas and could not be mapped separately because of the scale used. Some small areas of strongly contrasting soils or miscellaneous areas are identified by a special symbol on the maps. If included in the database for a given area, the contrasting minor components are identified in the map unit descriptions along with some characteristics of each. A few areas of minor components may not have been observed, and consequently they are not mentioned in the descriptions, especially where the pattern was so complex that it was impractical to make enough observations to identify all the soils and miscellaneous areas on the landscape.

The presence of minor components in a map unit in no way diminishes the usefulness or accuracy of the data. The objective of mapping is not to delineate pure taxonomic classes but rather to separate the landscape into landforms or landform segments that have similar use and management requirements. The delineation of such segments on the map provides sufficient information for the development of resource plans. If

Greene County, Ohio

EmC2—Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p56 Elevation: 670 to 1,160 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 29 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 50 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 151 to 192 days

Farmland classification: Farmland of local importance

Map Unit Composition

Eldean and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Eldean

Setting

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 13 inches: silt loam
H2 - 13 to 33 inches: gravelly clay

H3 - 33 to 38 inches: very gravelly sandy loam

H4 - 38 to 60 inches: stratified sand to very gravelly loamy coarse sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 6 to 12 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high to high

(0.60 to 2.00 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 65 percent Available water storage in profile: Low (about 5.5 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 3e

Hydrologic Soil Group: B

Minor Components

Casco

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Landform: Kames, outwash terraces, moraines Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread

Custom Soil Resource Report

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Loam or gravelly loam surface

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Severely eroded areas

Percent of map unit: 2 percent

MUF-Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p5g Elevation: 800 to 990 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 33 to 40 inches Mean annual air temperature: 52 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 155 to 208 days

Farmland classification: Not prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Milton variant and similar soils: 90 percent

Minor components: 10 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Milton Variant

Setting

Landform: Till plains

Landform position (two-dimensional): Backslope Landform position (three-dimensional): Side slope

Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Linear

Parent material: Colluvium derived from limestone over residuum weathered from

limestone

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 12 inches: very channery silt loam
H2 - 12 to 30 inches: channery silty clay loam
H3 - 30 to 32 inches: unweathered bedrock

Properties and qualities

Slope: 25 to 50 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: 20 to 40 inches to lithic bedrock

Natural drainage class: Well drained

Runoff class: High

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately

low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)

Depth to water table: More than 80 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: None

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 15 percent

Custom Soil Resource Report

Available water storage in profile: Low (about 3.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 7e

Hydrologic Soil Group: C

Minor Components

Limestone edges

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Short slopes over 50 percent

Percent of map unit: 5 percent

Ws-Westland silty clay loam

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 5p78 Elevation: 350 to 1,000 feet

Mean annual precipitation: 35 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 48 to 55 degrees F

Frost-free period: 140 to 200 days

Farmland classification: Prime farmland if drained

Map Unit Composition

Westland and similar soils: 80 percent

Minor components: 20 percent

Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Westland

Setting

Landform: Depressions on outwash plains, depressions on stream terraces

Parent material: Loamy outwash over sandy and gravelly outwash

Typical profile

H1 - 0 to 14 inches: silty clay loam H2 - 14 to 38 inches: clay loam H3 - 38 to 52 inches: gravelly loam

H4 - 52 to 60 inches: stratified gravelly loam to clay loam to very gravelly loamy sand

Properties and qualities

Slope: 0 to 2 percent

Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches Natural drainage class: Very poorly drained

Runoff class: Medium

Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Moderately high (0.20

to 0.60 in/hr)

Depth to water table: About 0 to 12 inches

Frequency of flooding: None Frequency of ponding: Frequent

Custom Soil Resource Report

Calcium carbonate, maximum in profile: 35 percent Available water storage in profile: High (about 9.1 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2w

Hydrologic Soil Group: C/D

Minor Components

Sloan

Percent of map unit: 8 percent Landform: Flood plains

Ragsdale

Percent of map unit: 5 percent Landform: Terraces, till plains

Till substratum

Percent of map unit: 4 percent

Landform: Depressions on stream terraces, depressions on outwash plains

Silt loam surface

Percent of map unit: 3 percent

Landform: Depressions on outwash plains, depressions on stream terraces



MAP LEGEND MAP INFORMATION The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) Not rated or not available Area of Interest (AOI) Water Features Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils Streams and Canals Soil Rating Polygons Transportation Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause 0 - 25 Raiss ښښ misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line 25 - 50placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Interstate Highways soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 50 - 100 **US Routes** 100 - 150 Major Roads Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map 150 - 200 measurements. Local Roads 4000046 > 200 Background Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service Not rated or not available Aerial Photography Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Soil Rating Lines 0 - 25Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator 25 - 50 projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the 50 - 100 Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 100 - 150 calculations of distance or area are required. 150 - 200 This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of > 200 the version date(s) listed below. Not rated or not available Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Soil Rating Points Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 0 - 25 25 - 50 Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 or larger. 50 - 100 100 - 150 Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar m 10, 2012 150 - 200 > 200 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-05-04 (GH28))

Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer— Summary by Map Unit — Greene County, Ohio (OH057)												
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating (centimeters)	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI								
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	>200	0.4	1.8%								
MUF	Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	76	0.0	0.2%								
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	>200	22.8	98.0%								
Totals for Area of Inter	est	23.3	100.0%									

Rating Options—Depth to Any Soil Restrictive Layer (GRQ-05-04 (GH28))

Units of Measure: centimeters

Aggregation Method: Dominant Component Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Lower Interpret Nulls as Zero: No

Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-04 (GH28))

Hydrologic soil groups are based on estimates of runoff potential. Soils are assigned to one of four groups according to the rate of water infiltration when the soils are not protected by vegetation, are thoroughly wet, and receive precipitation from long-duration storms.

The soils in the United States are assigned to four groups (A, B, C, and D) and three dual classes (A/D, B/D, and C/D). The groups are defined as follows:

Group A. Soils having a high infiltration rate (low runoff potential) when thoroughly wet. These consist mainly of deep, well drained to excessively drained sands or gravelly sands. These soils have a high rate of water transmission.

Group B. Soils having a moderate infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of moderately deep or deep, moderately well drained or well drained soils that have moderately fine texture to moderately coarse texture. These soils have a moderate rate of water transmission.

Group C. Soils having a slow infiltration rate when thoroughly wet. These consist chiefly of soils having a layer that impedes the downward movement of water or soils



MAP LEGEND **MAP INFORMATION** The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:15,800. Area of Interest (AOI) C Area of Interest (AOI) C/D Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale. Soils D Soil Rating Polygons Not rated or not available Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause ,A, misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line Water Features A/D placement. The maps do not show the small areas of contrasting Streams and Canals soils that could have been shown at a more detailed scale 8 Transportation 8/0 Rails *** Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map O measurements. Interstate Highways C/D **US Routes** 488644F Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service 0 Major Roads Web Soil Survey URL: http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857) Not rated or not available Local Roads Soil Rating Lines Background Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts Aerial Photography distance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the A/D Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more accurate 8 calculations of distance or area are required. This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version date(s) listed below. Soil Survey Area: Greene County, Ohio Survey Area Data: Version 11, Sep 18, 2014 Not rated or not available Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales 1:50,000 Soil Rating Points or larger. A A/D Date(s) aerial images were photographed: Sep 30, 2010—Mar 10, 2012 8/0 The orthophoto or other base map on which the soil lines were compiled and digitized probably differs from the background imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.

Table—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-04 (GH28))

Hydrologic Soil Group— Summary by Map Unit — Greene County, Ohio (OH057)												
Map unit symbol	Map unit name	Rating	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI								
EmC2	Eldean silt loam, 6 to 12 percent slopes, moderately eroded	В	0.4	1.8%								
MUF	Milton soils, channery variant, 25 to 50 percent slopes	С	0.0	0.2%								
Ws	Westland silty clay loam	C/D	22.8	98.0%								
Totals for Area of Inter	est	23.3	100.0%									

Rating Options—Hydrologic Soil Group (GRQ-05-04 (GH28))

Aggregation Method: Dominant Condition
Component Percent Cutoff: None Specified

Tie-break Rule: Higher

Pitstick Pork Farms

Farm Map

Prepared For: Pitstick Pork Farms

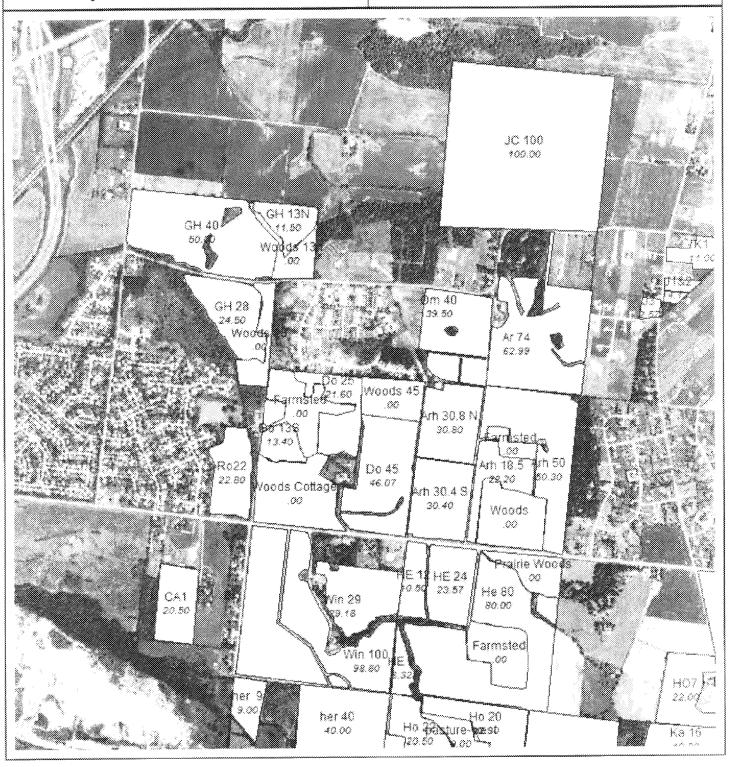
Farm:

Field:

County: Greene, OH

Crop Zone: Crop Year:

Prepared By:



Produced with EASI Suite (c) 2001-2008, MapShots, Inc.

Page

Jan 19, 2015





Soil Test Results www. Advanced App South Conn

Prepared For: Pitstick, Tom

Farm:

Field: GH98

Crop Zone:

Crop Year: 2013

Acres: 0.00

County: Greene, OH

Twp Rng Sec:

Directions:

Layer Name:	Soil Test 2013	Date Sampled: March 14, 2013
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San	npleID	LabiD	OM *	P pr	K apri	Mg	Ca	CEC	рH	ВрН	Ca %	Mg %	K %	Su	80	Zn	Mn	Fe	Cu
	1	E4033	4.8	14	160	411	7291	18.4	7.6		81,7	16.4	1.9					bbw	pps:
	2	E4033	2.5	7	202	990	3923	22.4	7.7		65.7	32.4	1.9						
	3	E4033	3.6	22	243	667	5224	20.4	7.8		73.5	24.0	2.6						
G438	4	E4033 5	4.6	20	282	605	6202	20.0	7.8		74.8	22.1	3.0						
	5	E4033 6	3.9	13	195	322	6834	17.8	7.7		84.4	13.3	2.4						
	6	E4033	4.6	10	152	476	18250	18.8	7.6		79.7	18.5	1.7						
	7.	E4033 8	3.5	33	200	386	20380	18.3	7.6		82.1	15.5	2.4						
	8	E4033 9	3.0	10	165	853	4823	21.6	7.3		69.4	28.9	1.6						
	9	E403 4 0	2.5	15	152	303	2686	15.8	6.6	7.1	63.8	14,1	2.1						
G)*	P 10	E4034 1	1.2	20	77	233	1456	7.3	6.4	7.0	74.4	23,3	2,3						
	11	E4034 2	2.1	32	160	616	2724	15.1	7.6		67.8	30.0	2.3						
	12	E4034 3	3.8	33	244	797	3564	19.7	7.4		67.7	29.6	2.7						
	73	E4034 4	1,7	12	183	502	2786	18.1	6.2	6,7	57.6	20.3	2.2						

Produced with EASI Suite (c) 2001-2008, MapShots, Inc.

Page 1

Layer Name: Soil Test 2013

Date Sampled: March 14, 2013

Sample	eID	LabID	OM **	p ppm	K.	Mg ppm	Ca	CEC meq/100g	pH.	BpH unit	Ca %	Mg %	K%	Su	Во	Zn spen	Mn	Fe	Cu ppm
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	14	E4034 5	2.0	13	103	142	932	7.2	5.5	6.8	48.8	14.5	3.1	***************************************	***************************************				
G# 12	15	E4034 6	2.2	12	157	327	1404	10.4	5.7	6.8	50.6	23.1	3.3						
74.	16	E4034 7	2.4	12	140	324	1615	9,9	5.8	6.9	61.0	23.9	3.0						
	17	E4034 8	2.5	13	157	523	1856	14.7	5.9	6.7	47.2	26.0	2.3						
	18	E4034 9	4.0	17	173	726	2332	16.6	7.0		52.7	32.1	2,2						
	19	E4035 0	6.6	136	347	502	5402	19.4	7.4		77.2	18.9	3.8						
	20	E4035 1	1.2	18	151	1061	6093	23.1	7.5		64.9	33,7	1.4						
	21	E4035 2	12.9	11	80	128	735	7.5	5.4	6,7	36.9	12.6	2,3						
	22	E4035 3	.9,:1	14	124	921	8791	22.0	7.8		68.1	30.7	1.2						
36. J.A.A.278	23	E4035 4	8.1	14	152	779	7494	21.0	7.5		71.3	27.2	1,6						
	24	E4035 5	4.3	17	164	832	5912	21.5	7.5		69.9	28.4	1.6						
	25	E4035 6	3.6	26	158	350	8368	17.9	7.8		83.8	14.3	1.9						
	26	E4035 7	4.1	25	157	350	9468	17.9	7.9		83.8	14.3	1.9						
	27	E4035 8	3.8	21	185	353	6847	18.0	7.8		83.4	14.4	2.2						
	28	E4035	4.4	26	182	329	6601	17.8	7.8		84.2	13.6	2.2						
	29	E4036 0	4.0	19	177	334	9449	17.8	7.8		84.1	13.7	2.1						
Avera	age:	**************************************	4.0	22	173	522	5843	17.1	7.1	6.8	69.3	21,7	2.2	***************************************		***************************************		·	